# **User Manual**

(TD5580A chip)

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## Introduction

TD5580A is a powerful high-quality voice decoding chip. It supports MP3, WAV and other decoding formats, SPI-Flash, TF card, USB disk and other storage media. The software also supports industrial-grade serial communication protocol. Users only need to use simple serial port commands to easily complete the specified voice playback. In addition, the chip also has advanced playback functions such as insert, file index playback, and combined broadcast. It is easy to use, stable and reliable.

# 1. DEMO module introduction

The TD631 module is a DEMO board for the TD5580A chip, which is mainly used to facilitate customers to quickly verify and debug functions. The module automatically starts up when powered on by default, and enters the waiting command control state after startup. Users can control audio playback through commands and buttons.



# 2. Chip characteristics

- Support MP3 and WAV decoding formats;
- Support 6 types of sound effects including pop, jazz, classic, etc.;
- Supports FAT16/FAT32/exFAT file systems;
- Supports up to 64G TF card and USB flash drive, 16M bytes of NOR FLASH;
- Support sampling rates (KHz): 8/11.025/12/16/22.05/24/32/44.1/48/64/88.2/96;
- 24-bit DAC output, signal-to-noise ratio supports 93dB;
- Multiple control modes available: IO control mode, serial port mode, AD button control mode;
- USB interface to update voice files, no need to install any software;
- Operating temperature: -40ÿ to +85ÿ, can be used in industrial scenarios such as industrial control;

# 3. Application scenarios

- In-car navigation voice broadcast;
- Highway transport inspection and toll booth voice prompts;
- Voice prompts for security checks at railway stations and bus stations;
- Voice prompts in power, communications, and financial business halls;
- Voice prompts for vehicle entry and exit channel verification;
- Voice prompts for public security border inspection channels;
- Voice announcements for safe driving of electric sightseeing vehicles;
- Automatic alarm for mechanical and electrical equipment failure;
- Fire voice alarm prompts;
- Other TTS high-quality announcements;

4. Hardware Description

4.1 Pin Introduction



| Pin No. Pin Nam | e        | Functional Description | Remark                             |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1               | PA11     | I/O                    | SDCMD                              |
| 2               | PA10     | I/O                    | SDDAT                              |
| 3               | PA9      | I/O                    | SDCLK                              |
| 4               | PA0      | I/O                    | MUTE (low play, high mute)         |
| 5               | PA1      | I/O                    | MIC Input Channel (reserved)       |
| 6               | ASSS     | GROUND                 | Ground                             |
| 7               | DACL     | OUTPUT                 | DAC Channel                        |
| 8               | PC4      | I/O                    | AD-KEY                             |
| 9               | GND      | GROUND                 | Ground                             |
| 10              | IOVDD    | POWER                  | Output voltage 3.3V, current 100MA |
| 11              | VBAT     | POWER                  | Battery Power Supply               |
| 12              | VPWR/P00 | I/O                    | BLED (high level lights up)        |
| 13              | PB9      | I/O                    | TXD                                |
| 14              | PB8      | I/O                    | RXD                                |
| 15              | USBDM    | I/O                    | USBDM                              |
| 16              | USBDP    | I/O                    | USBDP                              |

# 4.2 Technical specifications

| name                      | Function   |
|---------------------------|--|
|                           | Supports MP3 audio files (FLASH) with sampling rate of 8~48KHz and bit rate of 8~128Kbps             |
| Audio Format              | Support MP3 audio files with sampling rate of 8~48KHz and bit rate of 8~320Kbps (TF card and U disk) |
|                           | Supports WAV audio files with sampling rates from 8 to 44.1KHz.                                      |
|                           | Support 4Mbit~128MbitSPI-FLASH,  |
| Memory capacity           | TF card supports up to 64GB, USB flash drive supports up to 64GB                                     |
|                           | Supported file systems: FAT16, FAT32, exFAT (NTFS is not supported)                                  |
| USB interface             | Full Speed 2.0   |
| Chip power supply voltage | DC2.7~5V   |
| IO port level 3.3V TTL le | vel  |
| Working temperature -     | 40~85 degrees  |
| humidity                  | 5%~95%   |

# 4.3 Electrical parameters

| name                 | mark                                    | Conditions Min                             | Typ Max Unit |     |     |       |
|----------------------|---|--|--------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Input voltage: The   | chip works normally with an input volta | age of 2.2V to 5V                          | 2.2          | 3.7 | 5   | V     |
| Quiescent current    | No load current No load -               |  |              | 10  |     | mA    |
| Working current Cu   | urrent in playback state                | 4R/3W 1K signal<br>Maximum average current |              | 750 |     | mA    |
| Soft shutdown currer | nt The current in the soft shutdown sta | te -                                       | 1.5          | 2   | 2.5 | uA    |
| SNR                  | Signal-to-Noise                         |  |              | 93  |     | dB    |
| THD+N                | Ratio Total Harmonic Distortion         |  |              | -80 |     | dB    |
| DAC OUTPUT DAC       | maximum output amplitude                |  |              | 750 |     | mVrms |
| FrequencyRes Freque  | ncy Response Curve                      |  | 20           |     | 20K | HZ    |

# 5.Serial port control

5.1 Serial communication protocol

| Fixed baud rate: 9600 bps Data bits: 8 Stop bits: 1 Parity bit: none Flow control: none                          |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Instruction format H   | Instruction format HEAD ADDR LEN CMD ACK DATA CHECKSUM END  |  |  |
| HEAD   | The starting byte is fixed at 0x7E  |  |  |
| ADDR   | Address 1 byte lixed 0xFF   |  |  |
| JUST   | Length 1 byte excluding frame start, frame end, checksum and length   |  |  |
| CMD  | Command 1 byte operation, query   |  |  |
| ACK  | Feedback 1 Byte 1-feedback is required after the command is issued; 0-no feedback                               |  |  |
| DATA   | Parameter n bytes   |  |  |
| CHECKSUM Check   | sum 2 bytes CHECKSUM = 0-(ADDR + LEN + CMD + ACK + DATA)  |  |  |
| END  | End 1 byte fixed 0xEE   |  |  |
|  | Voice module serial port working voltage 3.3V   |  |  |
| Precautions All commands are in hexadecimal format, and the interval between each command is no less than 300ms. |   |  |  |
|  | There are two types of check code: with or without check code, which can be selected according to the situation |  |  |

5.2 Serial communication instructions

#### Control instructions

| Order           | Function                    | parameter  | instruction                   |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| 0x01Next song   |                             |  | 7E FF 06 01 00 00 00 EF       |
| 0x02 Previous   | song                        |  | 7E FF 06 02 00 00 00 EF       |
| 0x03            | Specify the track number (N | JM) to play 0-2999 in the physical order of file s                     | orage 7E FF 06 03 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x04 Volume+    |                             |  | 7E FF 06 04 00 00 00 EF       |
| 0x05            | volume-                     |  | 7E FF 06 05 00 00 00 EF       |
| 0x06 Specify v  | plume                       | 0-30   | 7E FF 06 06 00 00 XX EF       |
| 0x07Specify E0  | Q (0/1/2/3/4/5)             | 0-Normal; 1-Rock; 3-Pop; 4-Classic;<br>5-Country; 6-Jazz;              | 7E FF 06 07 00 00 XX EF       |
| 0x08 Specified  | track single loop 0-2999    |  | 7E FF 06 08 00 XX XX EF       |
| 0x09Specify pla | yback device                | 1-U disk; 2-SD card; 3-AUX (not supported);<br>4-FLASH; 5-PC; 6-SLEEP; | 7E FF 06 09 00 00 XX EF       |
| 0x0A Enter low  | ower consumption            | (Not supported)  | 7E FF 06 0A 00 00 00 EF       |

| 0x0B Reserve   | ed   |   | 7E FF 06 0B 00 00 00 EF    |
|----------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 0x0C Chip re   | set  |   | 7E FF 06 0C 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x0D Play      |  |   | 7E FF 06 0D 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x0E Pause     |  |   | 7E FF 06 0E 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x0F           | Specify folder and file number<br>Play           | The folder name is a two-digit number "01", (1-99)<br>Example: 01_Rock<br>The file name is three digits "001", (1-255)<br>Example:001_fireworks.mp3 | 7E FF 06 0F 00 XX XX EF    |
| 0x10 Amplifica | tion settings (none)                             | (Not supported yet)   | 7E FF 06 10 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x11 Play all  | oops   | 1- Play all tracks in a loop (by physical storage<br>Sequence); 0-stop loop playback  | 7E FF 06 11 00 00 XX EF    |
| 0x12           | Specify the MP3 folder<br>Playing tracks in      | 1-9999, the folder name must be "MP3"<br>4-digit number of the files in the folder 0001   | 7E FF 06 12 00 XX XX EF    |
| 0x13           | Insert ADVERT file Advertisements under the clip | 1-9999, the folder name must be "ADVERT"<br>The first 4 digits of the files in the folder are numbered 0001   | 7E FF 06 13 00 XX XX EF    |
| 0x14           | Specify folder and file number                   | The high four bits of DH are used as the folder number (1-15)<br>The lower four digits and DL are the file number (1-2999)                          | 7E FF 06 14 00 XX XX EF    |
| 0x15 Stop ins  | erting ads                                       |   | 7E FF 06 15 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x16 Stop pla  | ying   | Stop all playback tasks   | 7E FF 06 16 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x17 Loop pla  | yback of specified folder [Dh                    | I=0] [DL: folder number 0-99] 7E FF 06 17 00  | 00 00 EF                   |
| 0x18 All files | are played randomly in physi                     | cal order   | 7E FF 06 18 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x19 Current   | track loop play 0-Open single                    | loop; 1-Close single loop 7E FF 06 19 00 00   | 00 EF                      |
| 0x1A Enable    | DAC high impedance 0- Turr                       | off DAC high; 1- Enable DAC high impedanc   | e 7E FF 06 1A 00 00 00 EF  |
| 0x1B Power-o   | n volume memory                                  | 0-Power-on memory; 1-30 Fixed power-on volume 7E  | FF 06 1B 00 00 00 EF       |
| 0x1C Set bau   | d rate   | 0-9600;1-19200;2-38400; 3-57600;<br>4-115200; Restart to take effect  | 7E FF 06 1C 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x1D Restore   | factory settings                                 | Data restored to initial value  | 7E FF 06 1D 00 00 00 EF    |
| 0x20 Combina   | ation Report                                     | 7E FF 08 20 00 01 01 01 02 EF   | 7E FF XX 20 00 XX XX<br>IF |

#### Query command

| Order       | Function                   | parameter   | instruction             |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 0x3A Device | nsertion                   | 1. Insert UDISK; 2. Insert TF card; 3. PC               | 7E FF 06 3A 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x3B Device | unplugged                  | insert<br>1. Pull out UDISK; 2. Pull out TF card; 3. PC | 7E FF 06 3B 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x3C        | UDISK Playback Completed   | Pull out  | 7E FF 06 3C 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x3D        | TF card playback completed |   | 7E FF 06 3D 00 00 00 EF |

| 0x3E               | Flash playback completed                           |   | 7E FF 06 3E 00 00 00 EF |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| 0x3F               | Send initialization parameters (set Online status) | 1.U disk; 2.TF card; 3.PC; 4.FLASH  | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x40 Return erro   | or, request resend                                 | <ol> <li>The file system is initializing;</li> <li>Sleep mode only supports specified devices;</li> <li>One frame of data has not been received completely;</li> <li>Checksum error;</li> <li>The file designation exceeds the range;</li> <li>The specified file was not found;</li> <li>The current state does not accept interruptions;</li> </ol> | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x41 Response      |  |   | 7E FF 06 41 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x42 Query curr    | ent status   | 0. Completed; 1. Currently playing; 2. Played<br>3. No device is online/sleeping;   | 7E FF 06 42 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x43 Query the     | current volume                                     | Return 0-30;  | 7E FF 06 43 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x44 Query the     | current EQ   |   | 7E FF 06 44 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x45 Query the     | current playback mode                              |   | 7E FF 06 45 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x46 Query the     | current software version                           |   | 7E FF 06 46 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x47 Query the tot | al number of files on the USB disk                 |   | 7E FF 06 47 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x48 Query the to  | tal number of files in the TF card                 |   | 7E FF 06 48 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x49 Query the     | number of FLASH files                              |   | 7E FF 06 49 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x4A Reserved      |  |   | 7E FF 06 4A 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x4B Query the     | current track of the USB disk                      |   | 7E FF 06 4B 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x4C Query the     | current track of TF card                           |   | 7E FF 06 4C 00 00 00 EF |
| 0x4D Check FL      | SH current track                                   |   | 7E FF 06 4D 00 00 00 EF |

 ${\bf 5.3}$  Data returned when the module is powered on

| USB flash drive Online | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 01 xx xx EF |  |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| TF CardOnline          | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 02 xx xx EF |  |
| PC Online              | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 04 xx xx EF | The relationship between the devices is OR |
| FLASH Online           | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 08 xx xx EF |  |
| U disk, TF cardOnline  | 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 03 xx xx EF |  |

(1) When the module is powered on, it takes a certain amount of time to initialize. This time depends on the USB flash drive, TF card, Flash, etc. The time is determined by the number of files in the device, usually 1.5~3S. If this time is exceeded, the module will be initialized. The data has not been sent out, indicating that the module initialization error, please reset the power of the module and check the hardware connection.

(2) Module initialization data includes online devices, for example, sending 7E FF 06 3F 00 00 01 xx xx EF.

(3) DL=0x01 means that during the power-on process, only the USB flash drive is online. For other data, please refer to the table below. The relationship between the devices is OR.

(4) The MCU must wait for the module initialization instruction to be issued before sending the corresponding control instruction. Otherwise, the module will not process the sent instruction, which will also affect the normal initialization of the module.

#### 5.3.1 Data returned after the track is played

| The USB drive has finished playing the first song | 7E FF 06 3C 00 00 01 xx xx EF U disk playback of the first trac | l is completed     |
|---|---|--------------------|
| The USB drive finishes playing the second track   | 7E FF 06 3C 00 00 02 xx xx EF U disk playback of the second     | track is completed |
| TF card finishes playing the first song           | 7E FF 06 3D 00 00 01 xx xx EF TF card playback of the first tra | ck completed       |
| TF card finishes playing the second song          | 7E FF 06 3D 00 00 02 xx xx EF TF card playback of the second    | track is completed |
| FLASH finished playing the first song             | 7E FF 06 3E 00 00 01 xx xx EF FLASH Playing the first track is  | finished           |
| FLASH finished playing the second song            | 7E FF 06 3E 00 00 02 xx xx EF FLASH Playing the second trac     | x is finished      |

(1) In response to many trigger-type playback requirements, our module has been modified to automatically enter the stop state after playing a song. If the user needs such an application, he only needs to specify the song to play. In this way, the module will automatically stop after the song is played and wait for instructions.

(2) In addition, we specially open up an IO as a status indicator for decoding and stopping. In the playback state, it outputs a low level (many amplifiers have a mute pin, which can be directly controlled through this IO); in the playback pause state, it outputs a high level, and in the module sleep state, it also outputs a high level.

(3) For continuous playback applications, this can be achieved as follows: if the USB flash drive finishes playing the first song, it will return 7E FF 06 3C 00 00 01 xx xx EF. 3C—indicates the USB flash drive command. 00 01—indicates the song that has been played. At this time, send the command to play the next song, and the songs can be played in sequence.

(4) After the module is powered on and initialized normally, the module will automatically enter the device playback state and stop decoding, waiting for the user to send relevant playback instructions.

(5) In addition, after specifying the device, the user needs to wait for 200ms before sending the specified track. This is because once the track is specified, the system will initialize the file system of the specified device. If the specified track command is sent immediately, the module will not be able to receive it.

#### **5.3.2** Data returned by the module response

| FLASH finished playing the first song | 7E FF 06 3E 00 00 01 xx xx EF FLASH Playing the first track is | inished |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
| 1                                     |  |         |

(1) In order to enhance the stability of data communication, we have added response processing. The ACK byte is used to set whether a response is required. The advantage of this is that it ensures that there is a handshake signal for each communication. Receiving a response means that the module has successfully received the data sent by the MCU and will process it immediately.

(2) For general applications, customers can freely choose not to add this response processing.

#### 5.3.3 Data returned by module error

| Back to Busy                       | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 01 xx xx EF module during file s  | rstem initialization         |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Currently in sleep mode            | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 02 xx xx EF Sleep mode only su    | pports specified devices     |
| Serial port receiving error        | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 03 xx xx EF The serial port has r | ot received a frame of data. |
| Verification error                 | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 04 xx xx EF and checksum error    |                              |
| The specified file is out of range | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 05 xx xx The specified EF file ex | ceeds the setting range.     |
| The specified file was not found   | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 06 xx xx EF The specified file wa | is not found.                |
| Insert command error               | 7E FF 06 40 00 00 07 xx xx EF The current state do  | es not accept interruption   |

(1) In order to enhance the stability of data communication, we have added a data error handling mechanism.

All data in different formats will have information feedback.

(2) In harsh environments, it is strongly recommended that customers process this command. If the application environment is normal, it is not necessary. Use processing.

(3) The module returns busy. Basically, it will return when the module is powered on and initialized, because the module needs to initialize the file. system.

(4) After the module is powered on, it enters the device state. The order of devices is U disk -- TF card -- FLASH.

If both the hard disk and TF card are offline, the module will automatically enter the FLASH state.

Enter sleep state.

5.3.4 Device plug-in and unplug-out messages

| USB flash drive inserted   | 7E FF 06 3A 00 00 01 xx xx EF |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| TF Insert                  | 7E FF 06 3A 00 00 02 xx xx EF |  |
| PC Insertion               | 7E FF 06 3A 00 00 04 xx xx EF |  |
| Remove the USB flash drive | 7E FF 06 3B 00 00 01 xx xx EF |  |
| TF pull out                | 7E FF 06 3B 00 00 02 xx xx EF |  |
| PC unplug                  | 7E FF 06 3B 00 00 04 xx xx EF |  |

(1) In order to enhance the flexibility of the module, we have added command feedback for device insertion and removal to facilitate users to know

The working status of the channel module.

(2) When the device is inserted, we enter the device waiting state by default. If the user inserts a USB flash drive with a light,

You can see the USB flash drive light flashing, and you can also receive serial port messages from the device being plugged in.

5.4 Detailed explanation of serial port commands

The following is a detailed description of the key points of the serial port instructions:

#### 5.4.1 Playing a specific track

The instructions we give support the playback of specified tracks. The song selection range is 0~2999. In fact, it can support more. Because of the file system, supporting too many songs will cause the system to operate slowly. General applications do not need to support so many files.

(1) For example, to select the first song to play, the sending part of the serial port is 7E FF 06 03 00 00 1 EF

7E---Start command;

FF---version information;

06---Data length (excluding checksum);

03---represents the command byte;

00----Whether a response is required [0x01: a response is required, 0x00: no response is required];

00---high byte of the track [DH];

01---The low byte of the track [DL], which represents the first song played;

EF---end command;

(2) For song selection, if you select the 100th song, first convert 100 into hexadecimal, the default is double byte, which is 0x0064. DH=0x00; DL=0x64.

(3) If you choose to play the 1000th song, first convert 1000 into hexadecimal, which is double-byte by default, which is 0x03E8. DH=0x03; DL=0xE8.

(4) Other operations can be deduced in the same way, because hexadecimal is the most convenient operation in the embedded field.

# 5.4.2 Specify the playback volume

(1) The default volume of our system is 30 levels when it is powered on. If you want to set the volume, just send the corresponding command (7E FF 06 06 00 XX XX EF).

(2) For example, if the volume is set to level 15, 15 is converted to hexadecimal as 0x000F, the high 8 bits of DH are 0x00, and the low 8 bits of DL are 0x0F. The actual transmission is: 7E FF 06 06 00 00 0F EF.

# 5.4.3 Specify the playback device

| Specify playback device - USB flash drive | 7E FF 06 09 00 00 01 EF |  |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Specify playback device - SD disk 7E FF 0 | 6 09 00 00 02 EF        |  |
| Specify playback device - AUX             | 7E FF 06 09 00 00 03 EF |  |
| Specify playback device-FLASH 7E FF 06    | 09 00 00 04 EF          |  |
| Specify playback device - PC              | 7E FF 06 09 00 00 05 EF | Refers to (card reader, sound card) mode |
| Specify playback device - SLEEP           | 7E FF 06 09 00 00 06 EF |  |

(1) Our module supports 4 types of playback devices by default. Only when the device is online can you specify the device to play. Our software will automatically detect whether the device is online, and the user does not need to worry about it.

(2) See the table below and select the appropriate command to send.

(3) After specifying the device, the module will automatically enter the stop decoding state and wait for the user to specify the track to play. It takes about 200ms from receiving the specified device to completing the initialization of the file system inside the module. Please wait 200ms before sending the command to specify the track.

# 5.4.4 Play in a specified folder

| 001xxx.mp3 in the specified folder 01 | 7E FF 06 0F 00 01 01 EF |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| the specified folder 11 255xxx.mp3 in | 7E FF 06 0F 00 0B 64 EF |  |
| the epsified Playing in a specified   | 7E FF 06 0F 00 63 FF EF |  |

folder is an

extended function we have developed. The default folder naming method is "01" and "11". This method is because our module does not support folder name recognition with Chinese characters. For the stability of the system and the speed of song switching, each folder supports a maximum of 255 songs by default, and supports a maximum of 99 folders. If the customer has special requirements and needs to classify according to English names, we can also achieve this, but the name can only be composed of English names such as "GUSHI" and "ERGE". However, the mp3 file needs to have a prefix, which can be changed from "Have to Love.mp3" to "002 Have to Love.mp3".

(2) For example, to specify the 100xxx.MP3 file in the "01" folder, the command sent by the serial port is: 7E FF 06 0F 00 01 64 xx xx EF

DH: represents the name of the folder. By default, it supports 99 files, i.e., the naming from 01 to 99.

DL: represents the tracks, with a maximum of 255 songs by default, i.e. 0x01-0xFF;

(3) For the sake of module standardization, you must specify both the folder and the file name to lock a file. You can also specify a folder or a file name alone, but this will make file management worse. Specifying folders and specifying tracks supports MP3 and WAV.

(4) The following two screenshots illustrate the designation of folders and file names (divided into two pictures on the left and right):



## 5.4.5 All loop playback instructions

| Specify MP3 folder | 7E FF 06 12 00 00 01 EF | "MP3" folder, track number is "0001" |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|                    | 7E FF 06 12 00 00 02 EF | "MP3" folder, track number is "0002" |
|                    | 7E FF 06 12 00 00 FF EF | "MP3" folder, track number is "0255" |
|                    | 7E FF 06 12 00 07 CF EF | "MP3" folder, track "1999"           |
|                    | 7E FF 06 12 00 0B B8 EF | "MP3" folder, track number is "3000" |

(1) Based on the specified folder and file name, we extend the function of a single folder. The folder name must be is "MP3".

(2) A maximum of 65536 tracks are supported, but due to the operating speed of the file system, as the size of the file increases, The track switching speed will be slowed down accordingly.

(3) The specified file is named as follows:



# 5.4.6 Insert advertisements in the ADVERT folder

| Ad breaks | 7E FF 06 13 00 00 01 EF | "ADVERT" folder, track number is "0001" |
|-----------|-------------------------|---|
|           | 7E FF 06 13 00 00 02 EF | "ADVERT" folder, track number is "0002" |
|           | 7E FF 06 13 00 00 FF EF | "ADVERT" folder, track number is "0255" |
|           | 7E FF 06 13 00 07 CF EF | "ADVERT" folder, track number is "1999" |
|           | 7E FF 06 13 00 0B B8 EF | "ADVERT" folder, track number is "3000" |

(1) We support inserting other tracks during the song selection process, so as to meet the need for background music.

The need to insert advertisements during the playing of music.

(2) After sending the 0x13 command, the system will store the IDV3 information of the currently playing track, and then play the command again. After the inserted track is finished playing, the system will return to the saved breakpoint to continue Play until it is finished.

(3) The format is to create a folder named "ADVERT" in the device and store the files to be inserted. The track setting is "0xxx + track name.MP3/WAV".

(4) If the system is currently in a paused or stopped state, sending an interrupt command will not receive a response and will There is an error message returned. If you are in the process of inserting other tracks, you can continue to insert other tracks, but after the playback is completed, Or return to the IDV3 information stored for the first time.

#### **5.4.7** A single folder supports **1,000** tracks

|                    | 7E FF 06 14 00 10 FF EF | Specify folder "01" and track "0255"         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|
|                    | 7E FF 06 14 00 17 CF EF | Specify the folder "01" and the track "1999" |
| Support 1000 songs | 7E FF 06 14 00 C0 01 EF | Specify folder "12" and track "0001"         |
|                    | 7E FF 06 14 00 C0 FF EF | Specify the folder "12" and the track "0255" |
|                    | 7E FF 06 14 00 C7 CF EF | Specify the folder "12" and the track "1999" |

(1) In response to many customers' requirements for 10 folders, each of which can manage 1,000 tracks, we specially

This instruction is added for users to call, and the detailed description is as follows:

The command byte of the serial port is 0x14;

The parameter is two bytes. If the folder is specified as "12", the track is "1999";

Serial port data: 7E FF 06 14 00 C7 CF EF;

0xC7 and 0xCF are parameters, which together are 0xC7CF, a total of 16 bits, of which the high 4 bits represent the text.

The lower 12 bits represent the file name, and 7CF represents

1999, that is, tracks with the file prefix "1999".

#### 5.4.8 All loop playback instructions

| Loop playback starts | 7E FF 06 11 00 00 01 EF | Loop all tracks      |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Loop playback stop   | 7E FF 06 11 00 00 00 EF | Stop looping a track |

(1) To meet the requirements of looping the tracks in the root directory, we add this control instruction 0x11.

(2) During the loop playback, you can operate the normal operations of play/pause, previous song, next song, and volume adjustment.

Including EQ and so on.

(3) After the loop playback starts, the module will continuously play the tracks in the device in the physical order in which they are stored.

After finishing one time, it will continue to play the other side until receiving the playback completion, pause and other instructions.

## 5.4.9 Single song loop play command

| Loop playback starts | 7E FF 06 08 00 00 01 EF | Play the first song on loop  |
|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Loop playback stop   | 7E FF 06 08 00 00 02 EF | Play the second song on loop |

(1) To meet the requirements of looping a single song, we improved the control instruction 0x08.

(2) During the loop playback, you can operate the normal operations of play/pause, previous song, next song, and volume adjustment.

Including EQ, etc., and the state is still looping, you can trigger playback or enter sleep by specifying a single song Turn off loop playback.

## **5.4.10** Single song loop play command

| Now Playing              | 7E FF 06 42 00 00 01 EF | Now Playing                             |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Pause playback           | 7E FF 06 42 00 00 02 EF | Paused during playback                  |
| Stop Playing             | 7E FF 06 42 00 00 00 EF | Playback completed                      |
| Currently in sleep state | 7E FF 06 42 00 00 08 EF | No device is online or is set to sleep. |

(1) The module will have four states open to the user during the decoding process. The user can query the current state of the module through the command

Previous state.

(2) Playback pause means that a song is being played and a command is sent manually to pause the playback.

(3) Playback stop means that when a song is finished playing, the module stops playing.

# 5.4.11 Playback stop command

| Stop playing ads | 7E FF 06 15 00 00 00 EF | Stop being an ad and return to background music |
|------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Stop Playing     | 7E FF 06 16 00 00 00 EF | Stop software decoding                          |

(1) During the playback of the module, we have two ways to stop. One is to stop the current interstitial advertisement and return to the current

One is to continue playing the background music at the previous breakpoint, and the other is to stop all playback, including the background music.

(2) If an interstitial advertisement is currently playing, the chip will stop all playback tasks if the stop command 0x16 is sent.

#### 5.4.12 Loop playback in a specified folder

| Loop playback of specified folder | 7E FF 06 17 00 00 02 EF | Specify 02 folder to play in loop |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                                   | 7E FF 06 17 00 00 01 EF | Specify 01 folder to play in loop |

(1) The folder naming format must be "01" to "99" and cannot exceed 99.

(2) After specifying a folder, the video will play in a loop within the specified folder and will not stop unless a stop command is sent.

Order and so on.

#### 5.4.13 Randomly play device files

(1) This command randomly plays the voice files stored in the device in physical order, regardless of the device.

Check whether there is a folder in it, and the first voice file played must be the first voice file in the device.

# 5.4.14 Set the current track to loop

| Loop playback of specified files | 7E FF 06 19 00 00 00 EF | Single song loop playback on |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
|                                  | 7E FF 06 19 00 00 01 EF | Single song loop play off    |

(1) Sending this command during playback will loop the current track.

If the chip is in stop state, it will not respond to this command.

(2) If you want to turn off the single song loop playback, send a close command, which will stop the current song after it is played. Then stop.

#### 5.4.15 Combined broadcast

|  | Combined broadcast 7E FF 08 | 20 00 01 01 01 02 EF | 7E FF XX 20 00 XX XX EF |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|

(1) Combined broadcast is mainly used in shopping malls, shopping centers and public transportation stations. TD5580A supports up to 30 If the user has higher requirements, please contact our online customer service.

(2) For example, in the instruction 7E FF 08 20 00 01 01 01 02 EF, 08 is the LEN of the instruction, which means the LEN bits of the instruction are removed from the start and end of the frame. The length after the bundle and checksum, for example, 001, 003, 005 in multicast folder 01 and 005, 003, 001 in folder 02, You can send 7E FF 10 20 00 01 01 01 03 01 05 02 05 02 03 02 01 EF.

(3) If the customer needs a more perfect combination of broadcasts, the customer needs to trim the audio file, such as The blank content at the beginning and end is trimmed to achieve a more perfect connection effect.

### 5.4.16 Turning the DAC on and off

| Setting up the DAC | 7E FF 06 1A 00 00 00 EF | Turn on DAC              |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
|                    | 7E FF 06 1A 00 00 01 EF | DAC off (high impedance) |

(1) The chip can turn off the DAC at any time. If the voice is currently playing and the DAC is turned off, the chip will

The chip is powered on by default, and the DAC is turned on only when it is set to off.

If you need to open it again, you need to open the DAC through instructions.

#### 6. ADKEY button description

| Button resistar | nce  | operate                | Functional Description   |
|-----------------|------|------------------------|--|
| K1              | 0R   | Short press            | Short press to play/pause, long press to switch music devices          |
| K2              | 6.8K | Short press/Long press | Short press to play the previous file, long press to reduce the volume |
| К3              | 10K  | Short press/long       | Short press to play the next file, long press to increase the volume   |

press Note: Please refer to the circuit for key operation. If the key function needs to be changed, please contact online customer service for customization.

#### 7. Customized functions can be developed

If the above standard functions cannot meet customer needs, the chip can be developed and customized with some additional functions. Yes. If you need to develop customized functions, you need to list the required functions first and then send them to our sales staff. The project will be evaluated, and once the evaluation is passed, engineers will contact the customer to develop the corresponding functions. Some common features: (1) Increase the number of buttons and their corresponding functions, such as adding one-to-one functions to three buttons, adding a loop control function, etc., and changing

the default control mode when powered on, for example, the chip starts playing songs in the memory in a loop when powered on.

(2) Add LED lights to indicate the status, for example: add 2 LED lights, play the first voice, the first light is on, play the second voice, the second light is on.

(3) Add certain instructions, such as deletion instructions or formatting instructions.

# 8. FAQ:

Q: Is it necessary to add an amplifier to the chip-driven speaker?

A: Yes, this chip can only drive headphones directly. If you need to connect an external speaker, even if the power is very low, you will need an external amplifier.

Q: How to quickly update the audio content on SPI-Flash?

A: The chip supports updating the SPI-Flash content through the USB interface. Connect one end of the USB male-to-male connector to the computer and the other end to the USB port on the board. After the connection, a drive letter will pop up on the computer, and the content can be updated.

Q: Serial port commands don't work?

A: The DEMO board can work after it is powered on. You need to connect the TX and RX of the serial port tool to the RX and TX of the DEMO board respectively, check whether the serial port working voltage is 3.3V, and check whether the baud rate is 9600.